Introducing a state-of-the-art phylogenetic classification of the Kikongo language cluster

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Supplementary material

The supplementary material consists of:

- 0. This **Read me** file
- 1. **Cognates**: an Excel sheet with the multistate encoding underlying our phylogenetic classification of the Kikongo language cluster (KLC)
- 2. **Nexus**: the nexus file for BayesPhylogenies
- 3. Distance Matrix for Fig. 24
- 4. Distance Matrix for Fig. 25
- 5. **Covarion**: Results of the model testing to decide on the number of covarion categories to use

The data in the Excel sheet is an extract from a larger database, and should be interpreted as follows:

- The 95 West Bantu varieties used in the present study are shown in Column A. For ease of interpretation, we have post-coloured the name of each variety in column A, so it reflects the final outcome.
- From columns B and onwards up to column GY, the 92 so-called 'Tervuren concepts' are listed (... YB 13, YB 14, ...). Given our method allows for multiple synonyms to be included for a single concept, extra columns were inserted in-between (e.g., YB 13b and YB 13c).
- The cognation judgements are indicated with background colours in each cell. So, for each concept (say 'burn *intr.* v.' = YB 13 + YB 13b + YB 13c), material in the same background colour is cognate. Those colours are random choices per concept, and there is of course no relation with colours used for the other 91 concepts.
- More information on our cognation judgements is included at certain concepts, in pop-up 'Comment boxes'. See for instance at YB 01, YB 16, YB 21, YB 23, YB 28, etc
- Those background colours were subsequently turned into a multistate format, i.e. plain numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, ...) per concept, and in a next step the latter were turned into a binary format consisting of either 0 or 1, meaning a certain cognate is either absent or present in a certain variety.
- An equal sign '=' means there are no (further) synonyms for a certain concept in a certain variety, and a question mark '?' means that we were unable to collect the form of the said concept. Note that because this data is an extract from a much larger database, some columns in the attached extract only consist of equal sings. (At that point either other language varieties (not included in the 95 West Bantu varieties

- reported on) have material in those columns, or historical language varieties that belong to the KLC (to be used in a forthcoming article) have data in there.)
- Column GZ shows the source(s) for each variety, with for the KongoKing fieldwork material further information from column HA onwards up to column HG.